

C, S, M Hwk :

$$\frac{(\cancel{5c} + \cancel{5s}) + (2m + \cancel{4s}) + (\cancel{10c} + m) + (\cancel{4} + \cancel{3s} + m)}{4}$$

$$5c + 10c + c = 16c$$

$$5s + 4s + 3s = 12s$$

$$2m + m + m = 4m$$

$$\frac{16c + 12s + 4m}{4}$$

$$4c + 3s + m$$

$$4(4.50) + 3(3) + (5)$$

$$18 + 9 + 5 = 32$$

$$4) \quad 12x + 3 = \cancel{3(4x)}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \cdot 12 \\ 2 \cdot 6 \\ \textcircled{3} \cdot 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 1 \cdot 3 \\ \textcircled{3} \end{array} \quad 3(4x+1)$$

$$3(4x) = 12x$$
$$3(4x+1)$$
$$\textcircled{12x+3}$$

5a) DISTRIBUTIVE

b) DISTRIBUTIVE

c) COMMUTATIVE

d) ASSOCIATIVE

e) DISTRIBUTIVE

Bell Ringer:

what value of x would make the following linear equation true?

$$4x + 3(4x + 7) = 4(7x + 3) - 3$$

$$4(1) + 3(4(1) + 7) = 4(7(1) + 3) - 3$$

will

$$4 + 12(1) + 21 = 28(1) + 12 - 3$$

$$4 + 12 + 21 = 28 + 12 - 3$$

$$37 = 37$$

What about this equation:

$$2(x + 1) = 2x - 3.$$

What value of x makes this equation true?

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 2 = 2x + 3 \\ \quad + 3 \qquad \quad - 3 \\ \hline 2x + 5 = 2x \\ -2x \qquad \quad -2x \\ \hline 0 = 5 \end{array}$$

NO SOLUTION

Transform the equation if necessary, and then solve

to find the value of x that makes the equation true.

$$17 - 5(2x - 9) = -(-6x + 10) + 4$$

$$17 - 10x + 45 = 6x - 10 + 4$$

$$-10x + (17 + 45) = 6x + (-10 + 4)$$

$$-10x + 62 = 6x - 6$$

$$x - (9x - 10) + 11 = 12x + 3(-2x + \frac{1}{3})$$

$$\frac{16x}{16} = \frac{68 - 64 + 4}{16} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 4\frac{1}{4}$$

$$(x - 9x) + (10 + 11) =$$

$$-8x + 21 = (12x - 6x) + 1$$

$$-6x - 21 = 6x + 1 - 21$$

$$\frac{-14x}{-14} = \frac{20}{-14}$$

$$x = \frac{20}{-14} = 1\frac{6}{14} = 1\frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{14}{14} + \frac{6}{14}$$

$$11(x+10) = 132$$

$$11x + 110 = 132$$
$$-110 \quad -110$$

$$\frac{11x}{11} = \frac{22}{11}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$3(2x-14) + x = 15 - (-9x-5)$$

$$6x - 42 + x = 15 + 9x + 5$$

$$7x - 42 = 9x + 20$$

$$\cancel{-7x} - 20 \quad \cancel{-7x} \quad -20$$

$$\frac{-62}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$x = -31$$

$$8(2x + 9) = 56$$

$$16x + 72 = 56$$

-72 -72

$$\frac{16x}{16} = \frac{-16}{16}$$

$$x = -1$$

Sort the following equations. Place them in groups based on the number of solutions for each problem.

0 1 INFINITE

What can we see in an equation that will tell us about the solution to the equation?

$$3x + 4 = 8x - 9$$

$$-4x - 5 = 6 - 11x$$

$$9 + \frac{1}{2}x = 5x - 1$$

$$6x + 5 = 8 + 6x$$

$$12 - 15x = -2 - 15x$$

$$\frac{5}{4}x - 1 = 1 + \frac{5}{4}x$$

$$10x - 4 = -4 + 10x$$

$$-2x + 5 = -2x + 5$$

$$7 + 9x = 9x + 7$$

$$ax + b = cx + d$$

$$x + a = x + b$$

$$x + a = x + a$$