

Unit 1: The Foundational Skills/Building Blocks of Algebra

Essential Question(s):

- How can you represent patterns, quantities, and relationships?
- How are properties related to Algebra?

Get Ready!

Factors

Find the greatest common factor of each set of numbers.

1. 12, 18

2. 25, 35

3. 13, 20

4. 40, 80, 100

Handwritten prime factorizations for problem 4:

- 40: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$
- 80: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$
- 100: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$

Handwritten prime factors for problem 3:

- 13: $1, 13$
- 20: $2, 10, 4, 5$

Handwritten prime factorization for the GCF of 40, 80, and 100:

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = 20$$

Least Common Multiple

Find the least common multiple of each set of numbers.

5. 5, 15

6. 11, 44

7. 8, 9

8. 10, 15, 25

Using Estimation

Estimate each sum or difference.

9. $956 - 542$

10. $1.259 + 5.312 + 1.7$

11. $\$14.32 + \$1.65 + \$278.05$

$5 \cdot 1 = 5$
 $5 \cdot 2 = 10$
 $5 \cdot 3 = 15$
 $5 \cdot 4 = 20$
 $5 \cdot 5 = 25$
 $5 \cdot 6 = 30$

$15 \cdot 1 = 15$
 $15 \cdot 2 = 30$
 $15 \cdot 3 = 45$

$8 \cdot 1 = 8$
 $8 \cdot 2 = 16$
 $8 \cdot 3 = 24$
 $8 \cdot 4 = 32$
 $8 \cdot 5 = 40$
 $8 \cdot 6 = 48$
 $8 \cdot 7 = 56$
 $8 \cdot 8 = 64$
 $8 \cdot 9 = 72$
 $8 \cdot 10 = 80$

$9 \cdot 1 = 9$
 $9 \cdot 2 = 18$
 $9 \cdot 3 = 27$
 $9 \cdot 4 = 36$
 $9 \cdot 5 = 45$
 $9 \cdot 6 = 54$

$6 \cdot 1 = 6$
 $6 \cdot 2 = 12$
 $6 \cdot 3 = 18$
 $6 \cdot 4 = 24$
 $6 \cdot 5 = 30$
 $6 \cdot 6 = 36$
 $6 \cdot 7 = 42$
 $6 \cdot 8 = 48$
 $6 \cdot 9 = 54$
 $6 \cdot 10 = 60$
 $6 \cdot 11 = 66$
 $6 \cdot 12 = 72$
 $6 \cdot 13 = 78$
 $6 \cdot 14 = 84$
 $6 \cdot 15 = 90$

Simplifying Fractions

Write in simplest form.

12. $\frac{12}{15} \div \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$

13. $\frac{20}{28} = \frac{5}{7}$

14. $\frac{8}{56} = \frac{1}{7}$

15. $\frac{48}{52} = \frac{12}{13}$

$$(2y+7)(3x+4n)$$

$$3x(2y+7) + 4n(2y+7)$$

Fractions and Decimals

Write each fraction as a decimal.

16. $\frac{7}{10}$

17. $\frac{3}{5}$

18. $\frac{13}{20}$

19. $\frac{93}{100}$

20. $\frac{7}{15}$

.7

.6

.65

.93

Adding and Subtracting Fractions

 $\frac{4}{>}$ power
root

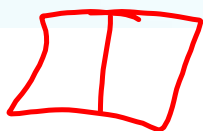
Find the sum or difference.

$$21. \frac{2}{7} + \frac{3}{14}$$

$$22. 6\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{4}{5}$$

$$23. \frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$24. 8\frac{3}{4} - 4\frac{5}{6}$$



$$\frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\frac{8}{14} + \frac{3}{14} = \frac{11}{14}$$

Unit 1 Vocabulary Terms:

English:

Additive Inverse

Algebraic Expression

Coefficient

Equivalent Expressions

Evaluate

Integers

Like Terms

Order of Operations

Real Number

Simplify

Term

Variable

Spanish:

inverso aditivo

expresión algebraica

coeficiente

ecuaciones equivalentes

evaluar

números enteros

términos semejantes

orden de las operaciones

número real

simplificar


término

variable

SOLVE IT!

Getting Ready!

Consider the population of Florida, the area of Colorado, and the flight time from Philadelphia to San Francisco. Which of these has a value that varies? Explain.



Dynamic Activity
Using Variable Expressions

- Lesson Vocabulary**
- quantity
 - variable
 - algebraic expression
 - numerical expression

A mathematical **quantity** is anything that can be measured or counted. Some quantities remain constant. Others change, or vary, and are called *variable quantities*.

Essential Understanding Algebra uses symbols to represent quantities that are unknown or that vary. You can represent mathematical phrases and real-world relationships using symbols and operations.

A **variable** is a symbol, usually a letter, that represents the value(s) of a variable quantity. An **algebraic expression** is a mathematical phrase that includes one or more variables. A **numerical expression** is a mathematical phrase involving numbers and operation symbols, but no variables.

Problem 1: Writing Expressions with Addition and Subtraction:

What is an algebraic expression for the word phrase?

Plan
How can a diagram help you write an algebraic expression?
Models like the ones shown can help you to visualize the relationships described by the word phrases.

Word Phrase	Model
A <u>32 more than a number n</u>	<div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">?</div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="background-color: #d9ead3; padding: 5px;">n</div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">+</div> <div style="background-color: #d9ead3; padding: 5px;">32</div> </div>
B <u>58 less a number n</u>	<div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">58</div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="background-color: #d9ead3; padding: 5px;">n</div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">-</div> <div style="background-color: #d9ead3; padding: 5px;">?</div> </div>

$n - 58$

Got It? 1. What is an algebraic expression for 18 more than a number n ?

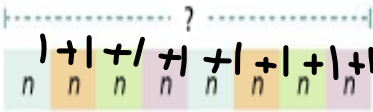
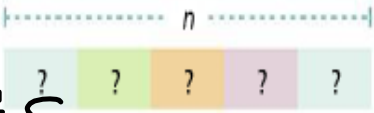
$n + 18$

Think

Is there more than one way to write an algebraic expression with multiplication? Yes. Multiplication can be represented using a dot or parentheses in addition to an \times .

Problem 2 Writing Expressions With Multiplication and Division

What is an algebraic expression for the word phrase?

Word Phrase	Model	Expression
A 8 times a number n		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px;"></div>
B the quotient of a number n and 5		

$8n$

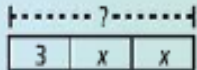
$\frac{n}{5}$ $n \div 5$

Got It? 2. What is an algebraic expression for each word phrase in parts (a) and (b)?

- a. 6 times a number n
- b. the quotient of 18 and a number n
- c. **Reasoning** Do the phrases 6 less a number y and 6 less than a number y mean the same thing? Explain.

Plan

How can I represent the phrases visually?
 Draw a diagram. You can represent the phrase in Problem 2, part (A), as shown below.



Problem 3 Writing Expressions With Two Operations

What is an algebraic expression for the word phrase?

Word Phrase	Expression
A 3 more than twice a number x	$3 + 2x$
B 9 less than the quotient of 6 and a number x	$\frac{6}{x} - 9$
C the product of 4 and the sum of a number x and 7	$4(x + 7)$



- Got It?** 3. What is an algebraic expression for each word phrase?
- 8 less than the product of a number x and 4
 - twice the sum of a number x and 8
 - the quotient of 5 and the sum of 12 and a number x



In Problems 1, 2, and 3, you were given word phrases and wrote algebraic expressions. You can also translate algebraic expressions into word phrases.

Think

Is there only one way to write the expression in words?

No. The operation performed on 3 and x can be described by different words like "multiply," "times," and "product."



Problem 4 Using Words for an Expression

What word phrase can you use to represent the algebraic expression $3x$?

Expression

$$3x$$
$$3 \cdot x$$

A number and a variable side by side indicate a product.

Words three times a number x or the product of 3 and a number x



Got It? 4. What word phrase can you use to represent the algebraic expression?

a. $x + 8.1$

b. $10x + 9$

c. $\frac{n}{3}$

d. $5x - 1$

You can use words or an algebraic expression to write a mathematical rule that describes a real-life pattern.

Problem 5 Writing a Rule to Describe a Pattern

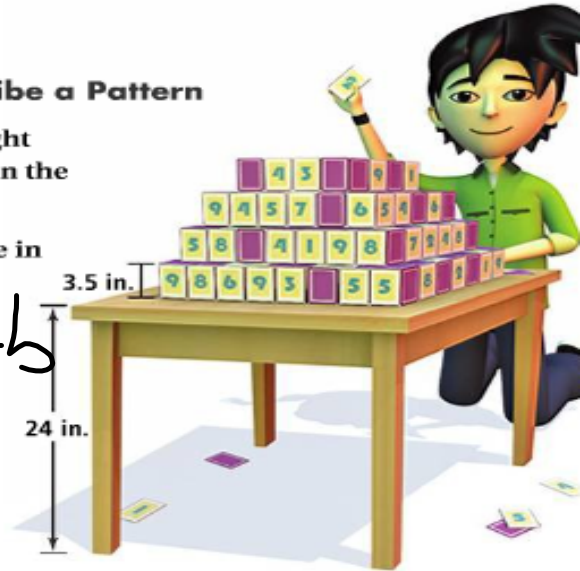
Hobbies The table below shows how the height above the floor of a house of cards depends on the number of levels.

A What is a rule for the height? Give the rule in words and as an algebraic expression.

House of Cards

Number of Levels	Height (in.)
2	$(3.5 \cdot 2) + 24$
3	$(3.5 \cdot 3) + 24$
4	$(3.5 \cdot 4) + 24$
n	?

$y = mx + b$



Know

Numerical expressions for the height given several different numbers of levels

Need

A rule for finding the height given a house with n levels

Plan

Look for a pattern in the table. Describe the pattern in words. Then use the words to write an algebraic expression.

Rule in Words

Multiply the number of levels by 3.5 and add 24.

Rule as an Algebraic Expression

The variable n represents the number of levels in the house of cards.

$3.5n + 24$

This expression lets you find the height for n levels.



- B** A group of students built another house of cards that had 10 levels. Each card was 4 inches tall, and the height from the floor to the top of the house of cards was 70 inches. How tall would the house of cards be if they built an 11th level?

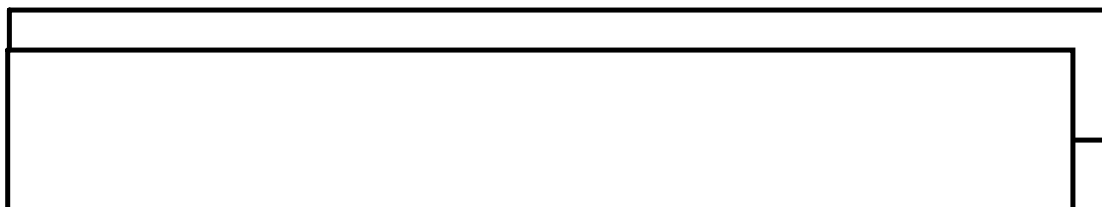
Since each card was 4 inches tall, adding 1 more level would increase the total height of the house of cards by 4 inches.

The house of cards would be $70 + 4$, or 74 inches tall if the 11th level were added.

- C** Another group of students built a third house of cards with n levels. Each card was 5 inches tall, and the height from the floor to the top of the house of cards was $34 + 5n$ inches. How tall would the house of cards be if the group added 1 more level of cards?

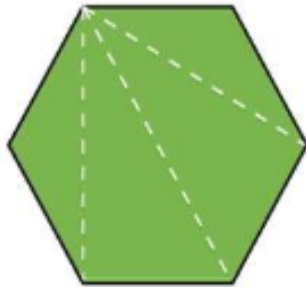
Since each card was 5 inches tall, adding 1 more level would increase the total height of the house of cards by 5 inches.

The house of cards would be $34 + 5n + 5$ in. tall if the next level were added.





Got It? 5. Suppose you draw a segment from any one vertex of a regular polygon to the other vertices. A sample for a regular hexagon is shown below. Use the table to find a pattern. What is a rule for the number of nonoverlapping triangles formed? Give the rule in words and as an algebraic expression.



Triangles in Polygons

Number of Sides of Polygon	Number of Triangles
4	$4 - 2$
5	$5 - 2$
6	$6 - 2$
n	■